

# UW Medicine HARBORVIEW MEDICAL CENTER

### 在您的神经外科 介入手术后

住院护理和在家的自我护理

本讲义解释了手术后的护理,包括家中的自我护理和何时该致电给医生。

手术时,一个细长的塑料管(导管) 会插入您腹股沟(股动脉入口)或您 的手腕(桡动脉入口)。您的外科医 生已经决定了哪个入口对您是最安全 的。

#### 术后护理

手术后的护理取决于使用了**哪**个入口 点。



**您**的外科医生将使用超声波 来**帮**助放置导管。

#### 腹股**沟**入口

#### 住院护理

为了防止手术部位出血,**您**必须平**躺**4至6小时。在此期间,护士将:

- 密切监控您
- 倾斜您的床以便您就餐
- 帮助您更换位置,以获得更好的舒适度
- 检查您的生命体征和意识水平
- 每小时检查一次穿刺部位

#### 在家自我护理

- 在48小时内, 请勿泡澡、游泳或浸泡穿刺部位。
- 术后 7天:
  - 请**勿**举起超过10磅的任何东西(一加仑牛**奶**的重量几乎为 9磅)。
  - 请勿进行任何深度弯膝动作。

- 排便时不要用力。
- 避免便秘。多喝水,多吃新鲜水果和绿叶蔬菜。如有需要,请使用软便 剂。

#### 桡动脉(手腕)入口

#### 住院护理

- 护士将密切监测您的穿刺部位、生命体征和您的意识水平。
- 您的手腕处将被系上一条紧绷带2小时,以防止穿刺部位出血。
- 如果需要, 护士可以将您的手腕放在手臂板上, 以防止手腕弯曲。

#### 在家自我护理

- 在48小时内,请勿泡澡、游泳或浸泡穿刺部位。
- 术后 6小时内, 限制患臂的腕部动作。
- 术后7天:
  - 保持手腕伸直
  - 避免举起超过1磅的任何东西(一罐15盎司的豆子重约1磅)
- 术后 2天内, 避免使用手术过的手臂。

#### 家中的恢复

我们关心**您**的健康。术后第二天,护士会给您打电话,询问您的情况并回答 **您**的问题。

#### 为了您的安全

**您**在手术中服用的药物可能会影**响您**的判断和反应时间。术后 **24小时 内**,请**勿**:

- 喝酒
- 驾驶或使用机械
- 签署法律文件或作出重要决定
- 照顾儿童、宠物或需要照顾的成年人

#### 自理

24小时后, 您可以:

- 去除包扎和洗澡
- 恢复您的日常活动
- 多走路以便加快康复速度

#### 疑虑?

您的问题很重要。如果**您**有 任何问题或疑虑,请致电您 的医生或其他医护人员。

工作日上午8点至下午4点, 请致电海景医院神经外科诊 所: 206.744.9300, 听到 录音后按2。

下班后以及周末和节假日, 请致电 206.744.9300, 我 们将为您提供与护士联系的 选项。

#### 穿刺部位的护理

- 保持穿刺部位干净和干燥。
- 用温和的肥皂轻轻清洗并拍干。

#### 疼痛控制

对于轻度至中度疼痛,**您**可以服用如布洛芬(Advil、Motrin)、萘普生(Aleve、Naprosyn)或其他*非类固醇抗炎药物*(NSAIDS)。按照瓶子上的说明操作。

#### 预期情况

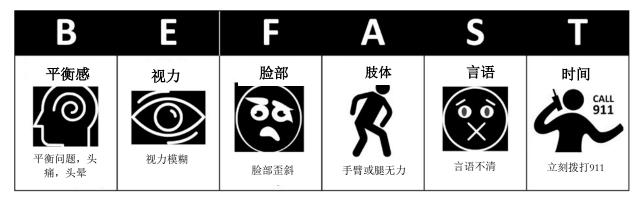
手术后,有以下情况属正常现象:

- 在入口处有瘀伤和压痛感。这应该几天后就会消失。
- 因手术过程中的引导导管的X光射线引起的轻微的短期脱发。**你**的头 发会长回来的。
- 头痛一到两周。

#### 何时致电

如果您有以下情况,请立即拨打 911:

- 伤口部位**开**始出血。在等待**帮**助到**达**时一直按住伤口处。
- 在伤口处有一个迅速变大的肿块。
- 有中风的症状(请参阅下面的"BE FAST"图形):
  - 虚弱或感觉丧失
  - 谈话、行走或视物困难
  - 突然开始的严重头痛



字母BE FAST(迅速)说明中风症状是什么样的,以及如果出现症状该怎么办。



## **After Your Neurosurgery Interventional Procedure**

Care in the hospital and self-care at home

This handout explains care after your procedure, including self-care at home and when to call the doctor.

For your procedure, a long plastic tube (*catheter*) was inserted through an artery in either your groin (*femoral entry*) or your wrist (*radial entry*). Your surgeon has decided which entry point is safest for you.

#### **Care After Your Procedure**

Care after your procedure depends on which entry point was used.

#### **For Groin Entry**

#### Care in the Hospital



Your surgeon will use ultrasound to help place the catheter.

To prevent bleeding at the procedure site, you must lie flat on your back for 4 to 6 hours. During this time, the nurses will:

- Monitor you closely
- Tilt your bed so you can eat
- Help you change position for better comfort
- Check your vital signs and level of awareness
- Check your puncture site every hour

#### Self-care at Home

- For 48 hours, do **not** take a bath, swim, or cover the puncture site in water.
- For **7 days** after your procedure:
  - Do **not** lift anything that weighs more than 10 pounds (a gallon of milk weighs almost 9 pounds).
  - Do **not** do any deep knee bending.

- Do **not** strain when having a bowel movement.
- Avoid constipation. Drink lots of fluids. Eat plenty of fresh fruits and green leafy vegetables. Use a stool softener, if needed.

#### For Radial (Wrist) Entry

#### Care in the Hospital

- Nurses will closely monitor your puncture site, vital signs, andyour level of awareness.
- You will have a tight band around your wrist for 2 hours to prevent bleeding at the puncture site.
- If needed, nurses may place your wrist on an arm board to keep your wrist from bending.

#### Self-care at Home

- For 48 hours, do **not** take baths or cover the puncture site in water.
- For **6 hours** after your procedure, limit wrist movement in the affected arm.
- For **2 days** after your procedure:
  - Keep your wrist straight
  - Avoid lifting anything that weighs more than 1 pound (a 15 oz. can of beans weighs about 1 pound)
- For **2 days** after your procedure, avoid using the affected arm.

#### **Recovery At Home**

We care about your health. A nurse will call you the day after your procedure to ask how you are doing and answer your questions.

#### **For Your Safety**

Medicine you were given for the procedure can affect your judgment and response time. For **24 hours** after your procedure, do **not**:

- Drink alcohol
- Drive or use machinery
- Sign legal papers or make important decisions
- Care for children, pets, or an adult who needs care

#### Self-care

After 24 hours, you may:

Remove the dressing and take a shower

#### **Questions?**

Your questions are important. Call your doctor or other healthcare provider if you have questions or concerns.

Weekdays 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., call Harborview
Neurosurgery Clinic:
206.744.9300 and press 2
when you hear the recording.

After hours and on weekends and holidays, call 206.744.9300 and you will be given options to be connected with a nurse.

- Resume your usual activities
- Walk often to speed your recovery

#### **Puncture Site Care**

- Keep the puncture site clean and dry.
- Gently clean with mild soap and pat dry.

#### **Pain Control**

For mild to moderate pain, you may take such as ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin), naproxen (Aleve, Naprosyn), or other *non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs* (NSAIDSs). Follow instructions on the bottle.

#### What to Expect

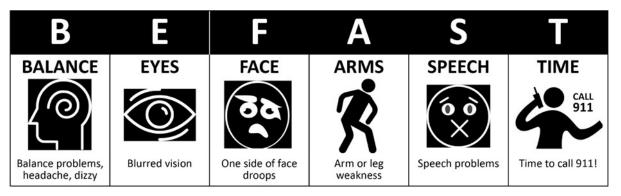
After this procedure, it is normal to have:

- Bruising and tenderness at the entry point. This should go away after a few days.
- Mild, short-term hair loss, caused by the X-rays that were used to guide the catheter during your procedure. Your hair will growback.
- A dull headache for 1 to 2 weeks.

#### When to Call

Call 911 **right away** if you:

- Start to bleed at your incision site. Apply constant pressure while you wait for help to arrive.
- Develop a lump at the entry point that is quickly growing.
- Have symptoms of a stroke (see the "BE FAST" graphic below):
  - Weakness or loss of feeling
  - Problems talking, walking, or seeing
  - Severe headache that starts suddenly



The letters **BE FAST** tell what stroke symptoms look like, and what to do if symptoms occur.