**UW** Medicine

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MEDICAL CENTER

# Your Baby at 33 to 36 Weeks

If you may have a preterm delivery

We care about your family. Our goal is to keep you and your baby safe and healthy. No matter what happens, our Maternal-Fetal Medicine and Neonatology teams will be with you every step of the way.

Finding out that your baby may be born early (preterm) can bring up many emotions. You may feel scared, sad, angry, confused, and hopeful, all at the same time.

We want to know how we can best support you and your family. Please tell us what you would like us to call your baby – for example, if there is a name you have chosen.

## **Talking About What May Happen**

We know that thinking about the future can cause worry. You may want to know what to expect and also not want to think about it. We want to give you the information you want and need. We also want to help you imagine what life might be like for your baby.

Some parents want to hear about the most common outcomes for babies who are born early. Others want to hear about "best case" and "worst case" situations. Still others want to hear numbers and statistics.

- What would be helpful for you to know?
- What do you want to hear about what might happen in the future?

## **Quality of Life**

Most infants born between 33 to 36 weeks do very well. But some preterm babies have longer-term health concerns.

You may want to talk with your loved ones about what it will mean to have a baby born preterm. We can also help you connect with other parents who have had a preterm delivery.



A newborn baby at 33 weeks.

## **Making Decisions**

If you do have a preterm delivery:

- What is most important to you as parents?
- What are your hopes? What are your worries?

Your answers to these questions will help us support you as you make decisions. They will also help us give your family the best medical care.

## Your Preterm Baby

### In the Delivery Room

The Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) team is present when a baby is born preterm. Sometimes babies who are born this early need some help with breathing. This help may be a breathing tube or an oxygen mask. We may also give a preterm baby *surfactant* in the delivery room. This medicine helps keep their lungs expanded so they can breathe.

### In the NICU

As soon as it is safe to do so, the NICU team brings preterm babies to the NICU on the 4th floor. **Parents can be with their baby in the NICU any time, day or night.** Delivery nurses can help a recovering mother come to the NICU to see their baby.

## Your Baby's Care Needs

At 33 to 36 weeks, a baby's lungs, heart, and other organs are not mature. This is why preterm babies need special care. The NICU team is trained and ready to handle the medical challenges that will occur. We will share all test results with you, the baby's parents.

### Breathing

Babies born early can have problems breathing. This is called *respiratory distress syndrome* (RDS). Some babies born at 33 to 36 weeks need a breathing machine during their hospital stay. Most of the time, their breathing improves as they grow. But some babies need breathing support, such as extra oxygen, for a longer time.

Pauses in breathing occur in babies born this early. This problem, called *apnea*, usually goes away as a baby matures. Sometimes we use caffeine or breathing support to help them as they grow out of this.

### Infection

Rarely, infants born at 33 to 36 weeks have infections. The NICU team works hard to protect babies from infection. We closely watch for any signs of infection so that we can treat it early.

#### **Heart and Blood Health**

Babies born at 33 to 36 weeks may have these health issues:

- Anemia (low blood count). Some babies may need a blood transfusion.
- A *heart murmur* caused by a *patent ductus arteriosus* (PDA). Some babies may need medicines or surgery to treat this problem.
- Jaundice of prematurity. This is often treated with blue light.

#### Nutrition

At first, some babies will receive *intravenous* (IV) nutrition. Once their stomach can digest food, we provide nutrition in other ways.

Early feeding may be by a tube that goes from the baby's nose or mouth into their stomach. If we can, we will use your breast milk to feed your baby. If not, we will supply other healthy nutrition.

We will support you in bottle feeding or breastfeeding your baby as soon as they are able.

Learning to both swallow and breathe can be hard for preterm babies. Your baby's care team will help them learn this skill. Some babies still use a feeding tube when they leave the NICU.

## Support for You and Your Family

We know that this is a very stressful time for you and your family. It may help to seek support from other loved ones, friends, counselors, clergy members, or parent support groups during this time.

Families may travel a long and uncertain journey while their baby is in the NICU. Even when the course of care in the NICU goes smoothly, this is a stressful time for parents. Please ask questions, seek help, and advocate for yourself and your family. We are here to support you every step of the way.

## Your NICU Care Team

Many providers will care for your family in the weeks ahead. Your NICU team includes an attending *neonatologist* doctor who oversees care. Some teams also have *neonatology fellows* and *pediatric residents*. Some teams have *neonatal nurse practitioners*.

All teams include nurses, respiratory therapists, physical therapists, feeding specialists, dietitians, pharmacists, social workers, and lactation support experts. We also offer palliative care support, spiritual care, and support for siblings, as needed.

Families find that having many care providers is both helpful and stressful. Tell us how we can best support you as we partner with you to care for your baby.

#### Helpful Community Resources

**Birth to 3:** Provides advocacy for parents, advice and referrals. *www.birthtothree.org* 

#### Facebook Preemie Support: www.facebook.com/groups/230 4668997

**Graham's Foundation:** Support for families of preemies. *https://grahamsfoundation.org* 

#### Infant Development Follow-up

**Clinic:** Specialists at this clinic work with children who may have health concerns after being born early. A team of experts works together to assess and connect families to resources as needed. 206.598.9348,

uwmedicine.org/locations/infantdevelopment-uwmc

#### March of Dimes:

www.marchofdimes.com

**Perinatal Support Washington:** Support for parent's health. *https://perinatalsupport.org* 

Seattle Parents of Preemies: www.seattlepreemies.com

#### Women, Infants and Children (WIC): A supplemental nutrition program.www.fns.usda.gov/wic

#### **Questions?**

Your questions are important. Call your doctor or healthcare provider if you have questions or concerns.

UW Medical Center Neonatology: 206.598.4606

## **Going Home**

Before leaving the NICU, preterm babies must be able to:

- Keep a normal body temperature
- Eat and breathe safely

Some babies are ready to go home around their original due date. Other babies stay longer in the NICU for more treatment. Before discharge, the NICU team makes sure that parents and caregivers have the skills and confidence they need to take care of their baby at home.

### After You Leave the NICU

After going home, some babies born between 33 and 36 weeks need special medical care. This may include visits with physical and occupational therapists, and specialists in hearing, movement, feeding, and vision. We will help you start this journey with your pediatric healthcare provider.